



# NON-TITLE V TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOCUMENT

|                         |                              |                          |                                |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>PERMIT NUMBER:</b>   | 050044                       | <b>App. ID(s):</b>       | 407404 & 404566                |
| <b>BUSINESS NAME:</b>   | Orbital Sciences Corporation | <b>Revision(s):</b>      | 1.0.1.0 & 2.0.0.0              |
| <b>SOURCE TYPE:</b>     | Satellite Manufacturing      | <b>Revision Type(s):</b> | Minor Modification and Renewal |
| <b>PERMIT ENGINEER:</b> | Arezou Lahouti               | <b>Date Prepared:</b>    | 05/08/2015                     |

|                                  |                                  |                 |                        |                 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>BACT:</b> No                  | <b>MACT:</b> Yes                 | <b>NSPS:</b> No | <b>SYNTH MINOR:</b> No | <b>AIRS:</b> No |
| <b>DUST PLAN REQUIRED:</b> Yes   | <b>DUST PLAN RECEIVED:</b> Yes   |                 |                        |                 |
| <b>O&amp;M PLAN REQUIRED:</b> No | <b>O&amp;M PLAN RECEIVED:</b> No |                 |                        |                 |
| <b>PORTABLE SOURCE:</b> No       | <b>SITE VISIT:</b> Yes           |                 |                        |                 |

## PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

Orbital Sciences Corporation is a satellite assembly facility.

The facility is equipped with the following emission units/processes (see the pictures in the Appendix):

- Two natural gas boilers, 2.5 MMBtu/hr each
- One natural gas water bath vaporizer, 9.75 MMBtu/hr
- One diesel emergency engine, 449 hp, installed in 2003
- One diesel emergency engine, 126 hp, installed in 2003
- One batch loaded vapor degreaser
- One cold cleaner with internal reservoir
- Surface coating operation
- Two solder pots
- One alodine tank
- Disturb lands and unpaved haul/access road

The primary pollutants from the boilers, vapor combustion unit and emergency generators are oxides of nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), volatile organic compounds (VOC), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of sulfur (SO<sub>x</sub>), and particulates (PM<sub>10</sub> & PM<sub>2.5</sub>). The primary pollutants from the solvent cleaning operation and surface coating operation are VOC. The primary pollutants from the solder pots are particulates and lead. The primary pollutants from the alodine tank are chromium compounds. The primary pollutants from the disturb land are particulates.

## PERMIT HISTORY:

| Date Received | Revision Number   | Description  |
|---------------|-------------------|--|
| 03/31/2005    | 0.0.0.0           | Submitted application for new permit for satellite manufacturing.  |
| 07/20/2007    | 0.0.1.0           | Minor modification requested to update the calculation's parameters, equipment list and permit conditions. |
| 05/01/2009    | 0.0.2.0           | Minor modification requested to increase Isopropyl alcohol (IPA) usage.                                    |
| 04/27/2010    | 0.0.3.0           | Minor modification requested to update the calculation's parameters, equipment list and permit conditions. |
| 04/27/2010    | 1.0.0.0           | Submitted application for renewal permit for satellite manufacturing.                                      |
| 04/23/2015    | 1.0.1.0 & 2.0.0.0 | Submitted application for renewal permit for satellite manufacturing.                                      |

## PURPOSE FOR APPLICATION:

The source submitted two applications. One is a renewal application and the other one is a minor modification. The purpose for the renewal application is to obtain a renewal permit for satellite manufacturing. In the minor

modification application, the source is requesting the following modifications:

- Update the equipment list.
- Reclassify the low-use Olympian generator as an emergency generator.
- Update the solvent cleaning emission calculations.

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**A. APPLICABLE COUNTY REGULATIONS:**

Rule 100: General Provisions and Definitions

Rule 200: Permit Requirements

Rule 220: Non-Title V Permit Provisions

Rule 280: Fees: Table A (Source with 3 or more Fee Table B processes)

- Aerospace Products Manufacturing and Rework not Subject to MACT
- Solvent Degreasing/Cleaning System, Solvent Use Greater than 3 Gallons per Day
- Source with 3 or more Fee Table C processes (Emergency Generator, Spray Coating, and Plating, Electroless)

Rule 300: Visible Emissions

Rule 324: Stationary Internal Combustion (IC) Engines

Rule 310: Fugitive Dust Sources

Rule 315: Spray Coating Operations

Rule 331: Solvent Cleaning

Rule 336: Surface Coating Operations

Rule 270: Federal Hazardous Air Pollutant Program

**B. APPLICABLE FEDERAL REGULATIONS:**

Based on information provided in the permit application, the source is subject to:

- 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ—National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion (IC) Emergency Engines for the diesel emergency engines, Installed in 2003.

Per 40 CFR §63.6585 (See below), a facility is subject to this subpart if it owns or operates a stationary RICE at a major or area source of HAP emissions. For area sources, subpart ZZZZ applies to reciprocating ICE which manufactured or reconstructed before 6/12/06. Orbital Sciences Corporation is an area source and it has two emergency engines which are installed in 2003; therefore the facility is subject to the subpart.

**§63.6585**

*You are subject to this subpart if you own or operate a stationary RICE at a major or area source of HAP emissions, except if the stationary RICE is being tested at a stationary RICE test cell/stand.*

Emergency RICE located at a residential, commercial or institutional area sources are exempt from ZZZZ per 40 CFR §63.6585(f) (See below). Per “Guidance Regarding Definition of Residential, Commercial, and Institutional Emergency Stationary RICE in the NESHAP for Stationary RICE, dated August 19, 2010”, Orbital Sciences Corporation is not a residential, commercial or institutional area source.

**§63.6585(f)**

*The emergency stationary RICE listed in paragraphs (f)(1) through (3) of this section are not subject to this subpart. The stationary RICE must meet the definition of an emergency stationary RICE in §63.6675, which includes operating according to the provisions specified in §63.6640(f).*

*(1) Existing residential emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions that do not operate or are not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year for the purposes specified in §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) and that do not operate for the purpose specified in §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).*

*(2) Existing commercial emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions that do not operate or are not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year for the purposes specified in §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) and that do not operate for the purpose specified in §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).*

(3) Existing institutional emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions that do not operate or are not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year for the purposes specified in §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) and that do not operate for the purpose specified in §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).



MACT ~~XXXX~~  
Commercial Inst...

In order to meet the requirements given by the above subpart, the source must perform periodic maintenance actions as described in 40 CFR § 63.6603 such as oil and filter changes and analyses, inspections of engine components such as air filters, hoses and belts. The source must minimize the engine's operating time at idle.

Based on information provided in the permit application, the source is not subject to:

- 40 CFR 63 Subpart WWWWWW —National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Area Source Standards for Plating and Polishing Operations.

Per “bench- scale” definition in §63.11511 (see below), Orbital Sciences’ plating is a bench- scale plating. Per “plating and polishing facility” definition in §63.11511 (see below), bench- scale plating is not subject to Subpart 6Ws.

#### **§63.11511**

***Bench-scale*** means any operation that is small enough to be performed on a bench, table, or similar structure so that the equipment is not directly contacting the floor.

***Plating and polishing facility*** means a facility engaged in one or more of the following processes that uses or emits any of the plating and polishing metal HAP, as defined in this section: electroplating processes other than chromium electroplating (i.e., non-chromium electroplating); electroless plating; other non-electrolytic metal coating processes performed in a tank, such as chromate conversion coating, nickel acetate sealing, sodium dichromate sealing, and manganese phosphate coating; thermal spraying; and the dry mechanical polishing of finished metals and formed products after plating or thermal spraying. Plating is performed in a tank or thermally sprayed so that a metal coating is irreversibly applied to an object. Plating and polishing does not include any bench-scale processes.

### **C. AIR POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT/EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM(s):**

The facility has disturbed lands and unpaved haul/access roads. The source submitted a Dust Control Plan to the department on 7/22/2010. The plans have been approved on 7/23/2010. The source is controlling the emission from the disturb lands and unpaved haul/access roads by covering the areas with gravel.

### **D. EMISSIONS:**

#### **Fuel Burning Equipment**

The facility has two boilers and one vapor combustion unit. The primary pollutants from the fuel burning equipment are NO<sub>x</sub>, VOC, CO, SO<sub>x</sub>, and particulates (PM<sub>10</sub> & PM<sub>2.5</sub>). The emissions from the boilers are calculated in Worksheet 1. The emission factors are based on EPA AP-42 Chapter 1.4: Natural Gas Combustion.



Boiler AP42 (Small  
Boiler less than 100M

#### **Emergency Generators**

The facility has two emergency generators. The primary pollutants from the emergency generators are NO<sub>x</sub>, VOC, CO, SO<sub>x</sub>, and particulates (PM<sub>10</sub> & PM<sub>2.5</sub>).

The emissions from the emergency generators are calculated in Worksheet 2. Each emergency generator's annual

operation is limited to 500 hours based on Emergency Generator Definition (Rule 324 Section 205). The emission factors are based on EPA AP-42 Table 3.3-1.



Gen\_diesel\_AP42  
(Small Engine less tha

#### Solvent Cleaning Operation

The source's solvent cleaning operation includes a vapor degreaser, a cold cleaner, and hand wiping operation. The primary pollutants from solvent cleaning are VOC and HAPs. The emissions are calculated by multiplying each solvent usage by the % VOC or %HAP:

| <u>Materials</u> | <u>Cleaner</u>   | <u>Usage</u> | <u>Density</u><br><u>(lb/gal)</u> | <u>%VOC</u> | <u>VOC</u><br><u>Emissions</u><br><u>(lb/yr)</u> | <u>HAP</u> | <u>%HAP</u> | <u>HAP</u><br><u>Emissions</u><br><u>(lb/yr)</u> |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|------------|-------------|--|
| Isopropanol      | Wiping Operation | 40,000 lb    |                                   | 100         | 40,000   |            | 0           |  |
| Hexane           | Wiping Operation | 100 lb       |                                   | 100         | 100  | Hexane     | 100         | 100  |
| MEK              | Wiping Operation | 100 lb       |                                   | 100         | 100  |            | 0           |  |
| Toluene          | Wiping Operation | 100 lb       |                                   | 100         | 100  | Toluene    | 100         | 100  |
| Agitene          | Cold Cleaner     | 300 lb       |                                   | 100         | 300  |            | 0           |  |
| Solvents         | Degreaser        | 325 gal      | 10.8                              | 100         | 3,510  | Methanol   | 2.9         | 101  |
| <b>Total</b>     |                  |              |                                   |             | <b>44,110</b>                                    |            |             | <b>301</b>                                       |

In the permit, the solvent usages/with growth factor are limited to the following:

- Solvent usage for degreaser is limited to 400 gal per year.
- Solvent usage for cold cleaner and wiping operation is limited to 41,000 lb/yr per year and 125 lb/day.  
(The daily limit is based on the facility wide's BACT threshold)

#### Coating Operation

The source has a small coating operation. They only use 132 liter of paint per year. They paint metal and plastic under a hood (See the picture in the Appendix). The primary pollutants from coating operation are VOC and HAP. particulates (PM10 & PM2.5) emission is assumed to be minimal. VOC and HAP Emission is calculated by multiplying the annual usage of coating by the %VOC and %HAP.

| <u>Materials</u> | <u>Usage</u><br><u>(l/yr)</u> | <u>Density</u><br><u>(g/l)</u> | <u>%VOC</u> | <u>VOC Emissions</u><br><u>(lb/yr)</u> | <u>HAP</u> | <u>%HAP</u> | <u>HAP Emissions</u><br><u>(lb/yr)</u> |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--|------------|-------------|--|
| Coating          | 103                           | 507                            | 100         | 115                                    | Toluene    | 10          | 11                                     |
| Thinner          | 29                            | 507                            | 100         | 32                                     | Toluene    | 60          | 19                                     |
| <b>Total</b>     |                               |                                |             | <b>147</b>                             |            |             | <b>40</b>                              |

In the permit condition, the VOC emissions from surface coating operations is limited to 15 pounds per day and 2 tons per any 12-month period based on Rule 220 §403.2.

#### Electroless Plating Operation

The source is using alodine for plating operation. 10% of alodine is Chromic (VI) acid. However, the plating operation is electroless and the source is shipping almost 100% of alodine as waste. Therefore, the chromic acid

emission is assumed to be minimal.

#### Soldering Pots

The facility has two soldering pot and will use 300 lbs of lead solder (37% lead). The primary emissions from the soldering pots are lead and particulates but since the usage of solder material is small, it is assumed that the emissions are minimal.

#### FACILITY WIDE ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS

| Pollutants                                | Fuel Burning<br>(lbs/yr) | Emergency Engines<br>(lb/yr) | Solvent Cleaners<br>(lb/yr) | Coating Operation<br>(lb/yr) | Facility wide Daily Emissions<br>(lb) | Facility wide Annual Emissions<br>(lb) |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| CO:                                       | 10,854                   | 1,921                        |                             |                              |                                       | <b>12,775</b>                          |
| NOx:                                      | 12,921                   | 8,913                        |                             |                              |                                       | <b>21,834</b>                          |
| PM10:                                     | 982                      | 633                          |                             |                              |                                       | <b>1,615</b>                           |
| PM2.5:                                    | 982                      | 633                          |                             |                              |                                       | <b>1,615</b>                           |
| VOC:                                      | 711                      | 711                          | 44,110                      | 4,000                        | 145                                   | <b>49,532</b>                          |
| SOX:                                      | 78                       | 590                          |                             |                              |                                       | <b>668</b>                             |
| Total HAPs                                |                          |                              |                             |                              |                                       | <b>341</b>                             |
| Any Single HAP – list each one separately |                          |                              |                             |                              |                                       |  |
| Hexane                                    |                          |                              | 100                         |                              |                                       | <b>100</b>                             |
| Toluene                                   |                          |                              | 100                         | 40                           |                                       | <b>140</b>                             |
| Methanol                                  |                          |                              | 101                         |                              |                                       | <b>101</b>                             |

The VOC daily emission is close to MCAQD Rule 241 BACT threshold; therefore, VOC daily emission is calculated.

#### **E. HAP EMISSION IMPACTS:**

Based on the information provided in the permit application, the facility emits insignificant amount of HAPs; therefore, SCREEN modeling was not performed per the Department's HAPs policy.

#### **F. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS AND MONITORING:**

- The source is coating the electric part of satellites; therefore, the coating operation is exempt from Rule 348 based on *Rule 348 Section 102*.

##### ***Rule 348 Section 102***

**APPLICABILITY:** *This rule applies to the manufacture or rework of commercial, civil, or military aerospace vehicles. This rule does not apply to research and development, quality control, laboratory testing, electronic parts and assemblies (except for cleaning and coating of completed assemblies) and to rework operations performed on antique aerospace vehicles or components or space vehicles.*

The source has to comply with Rule 336 for coating operation. The source's coating operation is not exceeding 15 lbs/day or 2 tons/year of VOC emissions, therefore the source will be considered a Small Source as defined in *Rule 336 Section 243*.

##### ***Rule 336 Section 243***

**SMALL SURFACE-COATING SOURCE (SSCS):** *A facility from which the total VOC emissions for all surface coating operations that are subject to this rule without, or prior to, any emission control, is less than 15 pounds (6.8 kg) per day and less than 2 tons (1814 kg) per year; as demonstrated by both adequate records of coating and diluent use (pursuant to subsection 501.2) and a separate tally of the number of days each month that such coating operations occur.*

- Solvent cleaners are exempt from Rule 348 per *Rule 348 Section 102* and Section 308.3.d. The solvent cleaners are only subjected to Rule 331.

**Rule 348 Section 308.3.d**

**308.3 Solvent Cleaning Operations:** *The following are exempt from the requirements of Section 305 of this rule:*

**d.** *Cleaning of electronics parts and assemblies containing electronics parts.*

- Soldering operation is an insignificant activity per MCAQ Rules and Regulations Appendix D:

**Appendix D - The List of Insignificant Activities:**

*Any brazing, soldering, welding, or cutting torch equipment used in manufacturing and construction activities and with the potential to emit hazardous air pollutant (HAP) metals, provided the total emissions of HAPs do not exceed 0.5 tons per year*

- The pressure washer (7 hp) is an insignificant activity per MCAQ Rules and Regulations Appendix D:

**Appendix D - The List of Insignificant Activities:**

*Internal Combustion (IC) Equipment*

**2.** *Any piston-type IC engine with a manufacturer's maximum continuous rating of no more than 50 brake horsepower (bhp).*

The pressure washer is a non-road engine. Therefore, the washer is exempt from NSPS JJJJ based on §60.4230(f). The source submitted Non-Road Determination Form and Explanation Page to the department on 8/6/2015 (see the Appendix).

**§60.4230(f)**

*Owners and operators of facilities with internal combustion engines that are acting as temporary replacement units and that are located at a stationary source for less than 1 year and that have been properly certified as meeting the standards that would be applicable to such engine under the appropriate nonroad engine provisions, are not required to meet any other provisions under this subpart with regard to such engines.*

The following SharePoint's templates have been included in the permit:

- **EMERGENCY ENGINES, 4/7/2015**
- **FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT WITH INPUT CAPACITIES <10 MMBTU/HR, 5/10/2013**
- **RULE 331: SOLVENT CLEANING - BATCH LOADED VAPOR DEGREASER, 11/28/2012**
- **RULE 331: SOLVENT CLEANING, 3/24/2015**
- **Rule 336: SURFACE COATING OPERATIONS - SMALL, 8/22/14**
- **Rule 310: FUGITIVE DUST FROM DUST-GENERATING OPERATIONS, 11/18/2014**

Worksheet 1:

**Natural Gas Fuel Burning Equipment Calculation Worksheet (Small Boiler < 100 MMBtu/hr)**

**Company:** Orbital Sciences Corporation

**Permit:** 050044

Input rating of equipment, Btu/hr

- 1) 2,500,000 Btu/hr
- 2) 2,500,000
- 3) 9,750,000
- 4)
- 5)

Totals 14,750,000 Btu/hr

Emission factors (AP-42 Chapter 1.4: Natural Gas Combustion)

Table 1.4-1: Emission factors for nitrogen oxides (NOx) and carbon monoxide (CO) from natural gas combustion

Table 1.4-2: Emission factors for criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases from natural gas combustion

|       |                |                               |  |
|-------|----------------|-------------------------------|--|
| CO:   | 84 lb/1E6 ft3  | <u>Constants</u>              |  |
| NOx:  | 100 lb/1E6 ft3 | 0.001 ft3/Btu for Natural Gas |  |
| SOx   | 0.6 lb/1E6 ft3 | 24 hr/day                     |  |
| PM10: | 7.6 lb/1E6 ft3 | 365 day/yr                    |  |
| VOC:  | 5.5 lb/1E6 ft3 |                               |  |

Emissions

|       | <u>Daily Emissions<sup>a</sup></u> | <u>Annual Emissions<sup>b</sup></u> |
|-------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CO:   | 30.0 lbs/day                       | 10,854 lbs/yr                       |
| NOx:  | 36.0 lbs/day                       | 12,921 lbs/yr                       |
| SOx   | 1.0 lbs/day                        | 78 lbs/yr                           |
| PM10: | 3.0 lbs/day                        | 982 lbs/yr                          |
| VOC:  | 2.0 lbs/day                        | 711 lbs/yr                          |

NOTES:

<sup>a</sup> Based on 24 hours per day for each piece of equipment.

<sup>b</sup> Based on 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

Worksheet 2:

**Uncontrolled Small Diesel Industrial Engines (Emergency Generators < 600 HP)**

**Company:** Orbital Sciences Corporation

**Permit:** 050044

Emissions factors taken from AP-42, Table 3.3-1

Emission Factors for Uncontrolled Gasoline and Diesel Industrial Engines

|     | HP Rating | Annual<br>Operating<br>Hours | Daily<br>Operating<br>Hours | Reduced Daily<br>Operating Hours |
|-----|-----------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1.) | 449       | 500                          |                             |                                  |
| 2.) | 126       | 500                          |                             |                                  |
| 3.) |           |                              |                             |                                  |
| 4.) |           |                              |                             |                                  |
| 5.) |           |                              |                             |                                  |
| 6.) |           |                              |                             |                                  |

TOTAL HP 575 1,000

Exempt: **No** **8,913** lbs of NOx at 500 hours  
**Yes** **1,921** lbs of CO at 500 hours

Emission factors for diesel:

Constants:

|       |                   |                 |                                  |                           |
|-------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| CO:   | 6.68E-03 lb/hp-hr | 1 HP =          | 2,547                            | BTU/hr                    |
| NOx:  | 3.10E-02 lb/hp-hr | Heating Value = | 137,000                          | BTU/gallon of diesel fuel |
| SOx:  | 2.05E-03 lb/hp-hr | 500             | hours to determine Exempt Status |                           |
| PM10: | 2.20E-03 lb/hp-hr | 1 kW =          | 1.34                             | hp                        |
| VOC:  | 2.47E-03 lb/hp-hr |                 |                                  |                           |

Emissions:

| Yearly Emissions <sup>a</sup> |      |     |
|-------------------------------|------|-----|
| CO:                           | 1921 | lbs |
| NOx:                          | 8913 | lbs |
| SOx:                          | 590  | lbs |
| PM10                          | 633  | lbs |
| VOC:                          | 711  | lbs |

NOTES:

<sup>a</sup> Based on annual operating hours for each piece of equipment.



## APPENDIX

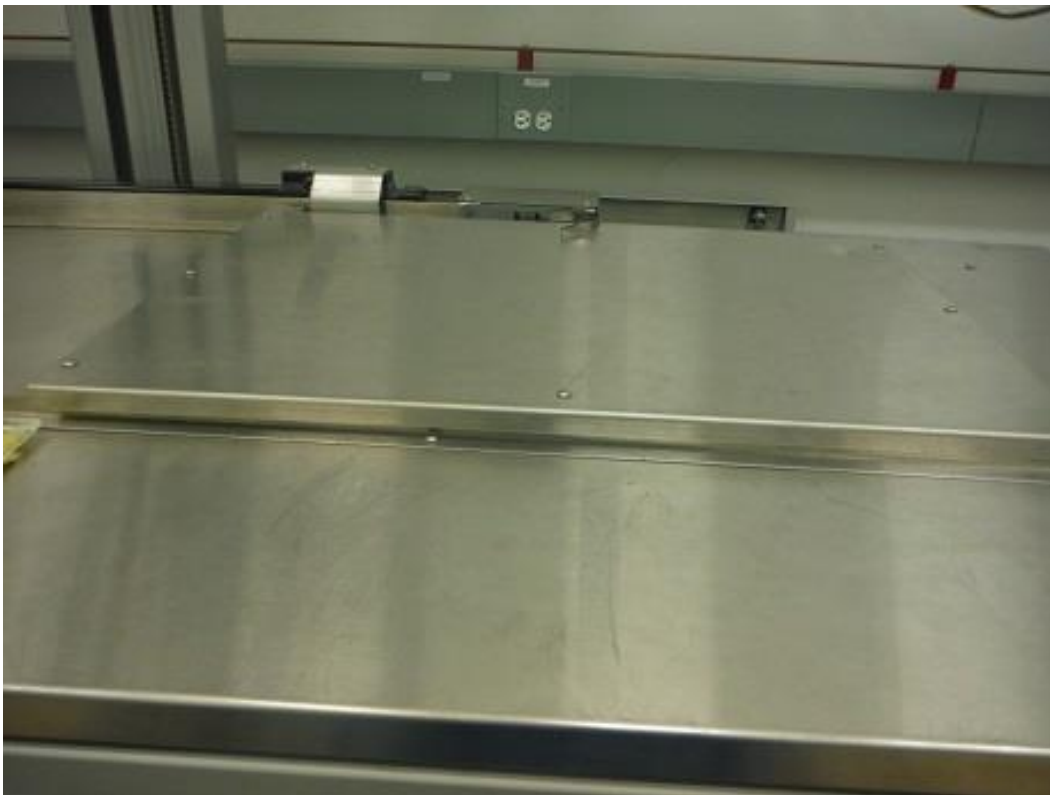
### Natural Gas Water Bath Vaporizer:



### Milling and Lathe Operations:



**Batch Loaded Vapor Degreaser:**





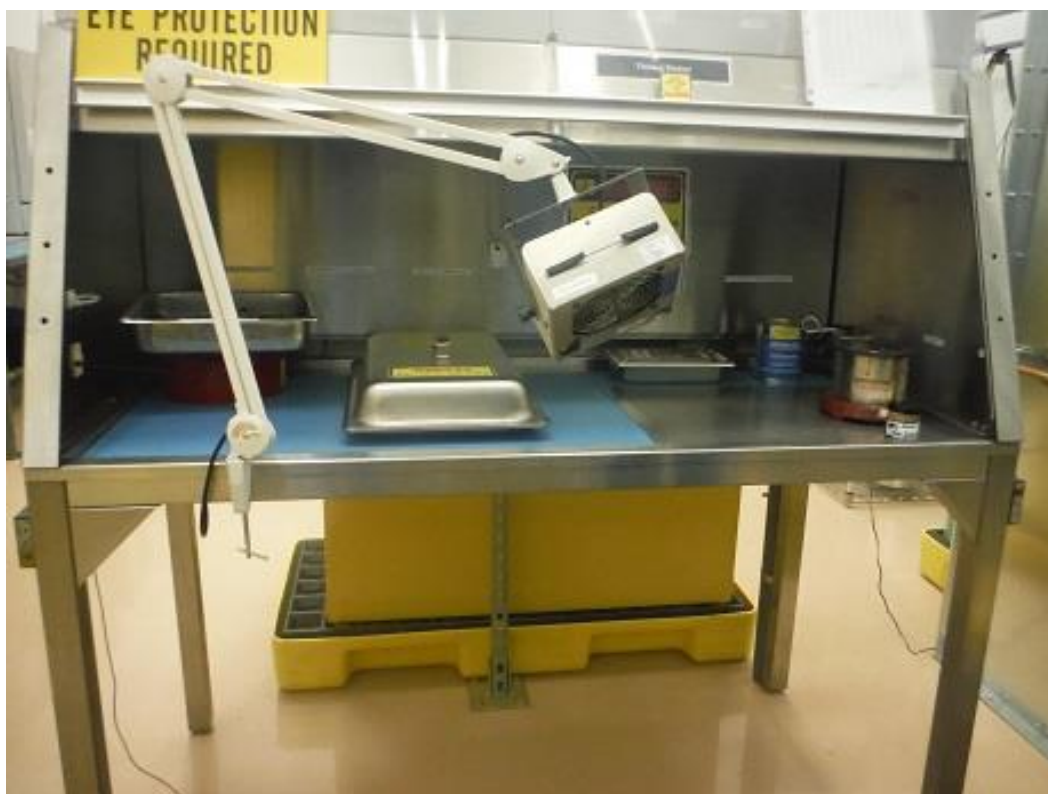
**Cold Cleaner with Internal Reservoir:**



## Surface Coating Operation:



## Solder Pot:





**Alodine Tank:**



**Sand Blasting, Self-Contained, Vented Indoors:**



**Disturb Lands And Unpaved Haul/Access Road:**





MARICOPA COUNTY AIR QUALITY DEPARTMENT  
1001 North Central Avenue  
Phoenix, Arizona 85004

MCAQD NON-ROAD ENGINE DETERMINATION

The following questions have been developed to help determine if an internal combustion engine qualifies as a non-road engine or if it is required to obtain an air quality permit.

**BUSINESS NAME:** Orbital Sciences Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Orbital ATK, INC.

**ENGINE DESCRIPTION (MAKE/MODEL):** Snap-on / 870370 **DATE ENGINE INSTALLED:** N/A

A. Does your internal combustion engine meet the definition of non-road engine as explained below?

- i. Is the engine in or on a piece of equipment that is self-propelled or serves a dual purpose by both propelling itself and performing another function (such as garden tractors, off-highway mobile cranes and bulldozers)? ☐ YES ☒ NO
- ii. Is the engine in or on a piece of equipment that is intended to be propelled while performing its function (such as lawnmowers and string trimmers)? ☐ YES ☒ NO
- iii. Is the engine by itself or in or on a piece of equipment that is portable or transportable, meaning designed to be and capable of being carried or moved from one location to another (indicia of transportability include, but are not limited to: wheels, skids, carrying handles, dolly, trailer, or platform)? ☒ YES ☐ NO

**If the answer is YES to any of these questions, please explain, and then proceed to Question B:**

**If the answer is NO to all of these questions, this engine does not qualify as a non-road engine.**

B. Is the engine used to propel a motor vehicle or a vehicle used solely for competition?

☐ YES ☒ NO

**If the answer is YES, this engine does not qualify as a non-road engine.**

**If the answer is NO, proceed to Question C.**

C. Will this engine, or any replacement engines, remain at one location for more than 12 consecutive months? A location is any single site at a building, structure, facility or installation. As such, an engine is considered a stationary source unless it is determined that it is moved (for reasons other than to solely qualify it as mobile). Please note that any engine that replaces the engine claimed as non-road at a location and that is intended to perform the same or similar function as the claimed non-road engine must be included in calculating the consecutive time period.

☐ YES ☒ NO

**If the answer is YES, this engine does not qualify as a non-road engine.**

**If the answer is NO, proceed to Question D.**

D. Is the engine located at a seasonal source? A seasonal source is a stationary source that remains in a single location on a permanent basis (at least 2 years) and that operates approximately 3 months (or more) each year.

☐ YES ☒ NO

**If the answer is YES, proceed to Question E.**

**If the answer is NO, this engine may qualify as a non-road engine.**

E. Will the engine remain at the seasonal source during the seasonal source's full annual operating period?

☐ YES ☐ NO

**If the answer is YES, this engine does not qualify as a non-road engine.**

**If the answer is NO, this engine may qualify as a non-road engine.**

Based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in this document are true, accurate, and complete.

Date 8/6/2015 Signature Of Owner or Responsible Official Of Business

Type Or Print Name and Title

Tom Jones Sr. Director, Orbital ATK



**MCAOD Non-Road Engine Determination Explanation Page (submitted by the source on 8/4/2015)**

**Orbital Sciences Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Orbital ATK, INC.**

**Explanation to Question A.iii.:**

The Snap-on 870370 pressure washer was designed to be portable, and is capable of easily being moved from one location to another indicated by its wheeled, dolly like design. See Figure 1.



**Figure 1**

**Explanation to Question C.:**

This equipment is stored indoors at our factory located at 1721 W. Elliot Rd., Gilbert. For use, it is rolled or trucked to the location to be pressure washed at any of our three locations including the factory, or one of our office buildings located at 1440 and 1405 N. Fiesta Blvd, Gilbert. At no time is this unit setup at a specific site at our facility and used at that location for more than a few hours, let alone 12 consecutive months.



## NON-TITLE V COMPLETENESS DETERMINATION CHECKLIST

**Items 1-15 Front page:** Items 1 to 15 (14 for Renewals) must be completed.

*Notes to engineer:*

- *For renewal applications the source must either answer 'No' to questions 2-5 or submit an application for a permit modification.*
- *Item 8: Many applicants do not know the SIC code or NAICS code for their industry. For a new application the code can be obtained by doing an on-line search. <http://www.osha.gov/pls/imis/sicsearch.html>*
- *Items 5, 7 and 14: These may be the same for many applicants.*

Complete: ☒ Incomplete: ☐

**Item 16:** A simple site diagram has been included, preferably on a standard size paper. Detailed blueprints or construction drawings are not required.

Complete: ☒ Incomplete: ☐ N/A: ☐

**Item 17:** A simple process flow diagram on a standard size paper is preferred. A process flow diagram may not be needed for some small businesses.

Complete: ☒ Incomplete: ☐ N/A: ☒

**Item 18:** An O&M plan is required only for a control device. An O&M plan is not required for a spray booth. Instead of including the O&M plan with the application, an applicant may submit it after receiving the permit.

Complete: ☐ Incomplete: ☐ N/A: ☐

**Item 19:** A dust control plan, if required, must accompany the permit application. The plan will be reviewed and approved by the dust compliance group.

Complete: ☒ Incomplete: ☐ N/A: ☐

**Item 20:** The applicant needs to complete only those sections of the permit application that are applicable.

Complete: ☒ Incomplete: ☐ N/A: ☐

*Notes to engineer:*

- *Concerning Section Z: Many applicants will not be able to perform these engineering calculations. We will accept the permit application with a blank Section Z.*

Instructions for completing Sections A, B, C, D, E-1, E-2, F, G, H, I, J, K-1, K-2, K-3, K-4, L, M, X-1, X-2, Y and Z of the permit application are included at the beginning of each section and are self-explanatory.

In general, a material safety data sheet (MSDS) is required for each chemical used, stored or processed at the facility. Exceptions are for very common materials, such as gasoline, diesel, acetone, etc.

Business name: Orbital Sciences Corporation

Permit number: 050044

Completeness review completed.

Application determined to be:

Complete: ☒ Incomplete: ☐

Permit Engineer: Arezou Lahouti

Date: 8/6/15